



Henry Ford Estate Dam Fishway **Monitoring/Maintenance plan**

Year of Project Installation: 2022

Project Consultant: David Mindell, PlantWise, LLC

Prepared by: ECT

Date : September 2023

Estimated Annual Monitoring/Maintenance Cost

Pricing will vary dramatically from site to site and year to year as no two sites are alike. In 2023, the typical price range falls between \$100 and \$700 per acre per visit. For estimating purposes, we use an average rate of \$500 per acre per visit for Fishway, with a total of 1.7 acres. Therefore, the estimated annual cost for monitoring and maintenance at this site averages around \$2,550, accounting for 3 visits during a year, subject to factors such as weed infestation, erosion, woody plant encroachment, etc. Over time, time requirements and associated pricing for management also generally decreases to a point but then tends to plateau since weeds will always migrate into a site through water, wind, and animal dispersal (in addition to possible neighbor encroachment, erosion, etc.)

Seasonal Monitoring/Maintenance Schedule

Year 3-5 after installation

*Plan for 3 site visits each year for monitoring and schedule physical maintenance activities as needed.

SPRING	Focus	Description	Maintenance Actions
Erosion	Erosion?	Walk the site to ensure there are no erosion gullies forming, particularly on steeper slopes or below water inflow pipes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repair with additional soil, cover crop, erosion control blanket, and/or stone as needed.
Native herbaceous Plant	Establishment?	Consider using prescribed fire in sites to reduce thatch layer, stimulate native herbaceous plants, and kill or weaken invasive species. For most sites, fire is an important management tool that should be applied to a site every 2-4 years.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prescribe burn • Mowing
Turf Invasion	Outcompeting natives?	Target turf grasses that may be outcompeting native species.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Target turf grasses that may be outcompeting native species.

Year 3-5 after installation - continued

SUMMER	Focus	Description	Maintenance Actions
Weeds	Aggressive biennials presence?	In June, biennials such as sweet-clover, bull or nodding thistles, and teasel should be cut near the ground when buds are forming or plants have been flowering for up to three days. Cut material can be left where it falls unless it's so dense that it will smother adjacent native vegetation. Visit https://www.canr.msu.edu/pestid/resources/plant-and-weed-identification/index for common Michigan weeds identification resources.	• Timed cutting @ base
	Other perennial weed?	Other aggressive perennial weeds such as spotted knapweed, crown-vetch, bird's foot-trefoil, and Canada thistle should be spot-treated with the appropriate herbicide.	• Spot treat
Invasive Species	Reed canary grass & cattail presence?	Reed canary grass and cattail patches should be sprayed or hand-swiped.	• Spray/hand-swipe
	Woody Invasive	Woody invasives should be cut and stump-treated or foliar sprayed, based on the size.	• Cut stump-treated • Foliar spray

FALL	Focus	Description	Maintenance Actions
Invasive species	Reed canary grass & cattail presence?	Retreat reed canary grass and cattail as needed	• Spray • Hand-swipe
	Phragmites presence?	Continue treating Phragmites	• Continue treating Phragmites
	Woody Invasive	Continue spot-treatments of other aggressive perennial and woody invasives as needed.	• Spot treat

Year 5-10 after installation

*Plan for 3 site visits typically June through September in a year every 2 to 3 years. During site visits, conduct monitoring and schedule physical maintenance activities as needed.

SPRING/ SUMMER	Focus	Description	Maintenance Actions
Weeds	Aggressive biennials presence?	In June, biennials such as sweet-clover, bull or nodding thistles, and teasel should be cut near the ground when buds are forming or plants have been flowering for up to three days. Cut material can be left where it falls unless it's so dense that it will smother adjacent native vegetation. Visit https://www.canr.msu.edu/pestid/resources/plant-and-weed-identification/index for common Michigan weeds identification resources.	• Timed cutting @ base
	Other perennial weed?	Other aggressive perennial weeds such as spotted knapweed, crown-vetch, bird's foot-trefoil, and Canada thistle should be spot-treated with the appropriate herbicide.	• Spot treat
Invasive species	Reed canary grass & cattail presence?	Reed canary grass and cattail patches should be sprayed or hand-swiped.	• Spray • Hand-swipe
	Woody Invasive?	Woody invasives should be cut and stump-treated or foliar sprayed, based on the size.	• Cut stump-treated • Foliar spray

FALL	Focus	Description	Maintenance Actions
Invasive species	Reed canary grass & cattail presence?	Retreat reed canary grass and cattail as needed	• Spray • Hand-swipe
	Phragmites presence?	Continue treating Phragmites	• Continue treating Phragmites
	Woody Invasive	Continue spot-treatments of other aggressive perennial and woody invasives as needed.	• Spot treat

Year 10+ after installation

*Plan for 2 site visits typically June through September in a year every 2 to 3 years. During site visits, conduct monitoring and schedule physical maintenance activities as needed.

SUMMER	Focus	Description	Maintenance Actions
Weeds	Aggressive biennials presence?	In June, biennials such as sweet-clover, bull or nodding thistles, and teasel should be cut near the ground when buds are forming or plants have been flowering for up to three days. Cut material can be left where it falls unless it's so dense that it will smother adjacent native vegetation. Visit https://www.canr.msu.edu/pestid/resources/plant-and-weed-identification/index for common Michigan weeds identification resources.	• Timed cutting @ base
	Other perennial weed?	Other aggressive perennial weeds such as spotted knapweed, crown-vetch, bird's foot-trefoil, and Canada thistle should be spot-treated with the appropriate herbicide.	• Spot treat
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FALL	Focus	Description	Maintenance Actions
Invasive species	Reed canary grass & cattail presence?	Retreat reed canary grass and cattail as needed	• Spray • Hand-swipe
	Phragmites presence?	Continue treating Phragmites	• Continue treating Phragmites
	Woody Invasive	Continue spot-treatments of other aggressive perennial and woody invasives as needed.	• Spot treat

Management Tool & Timing

** Pick your management need from the column on the left and learn the timing of the appropriate technique listed in columns.

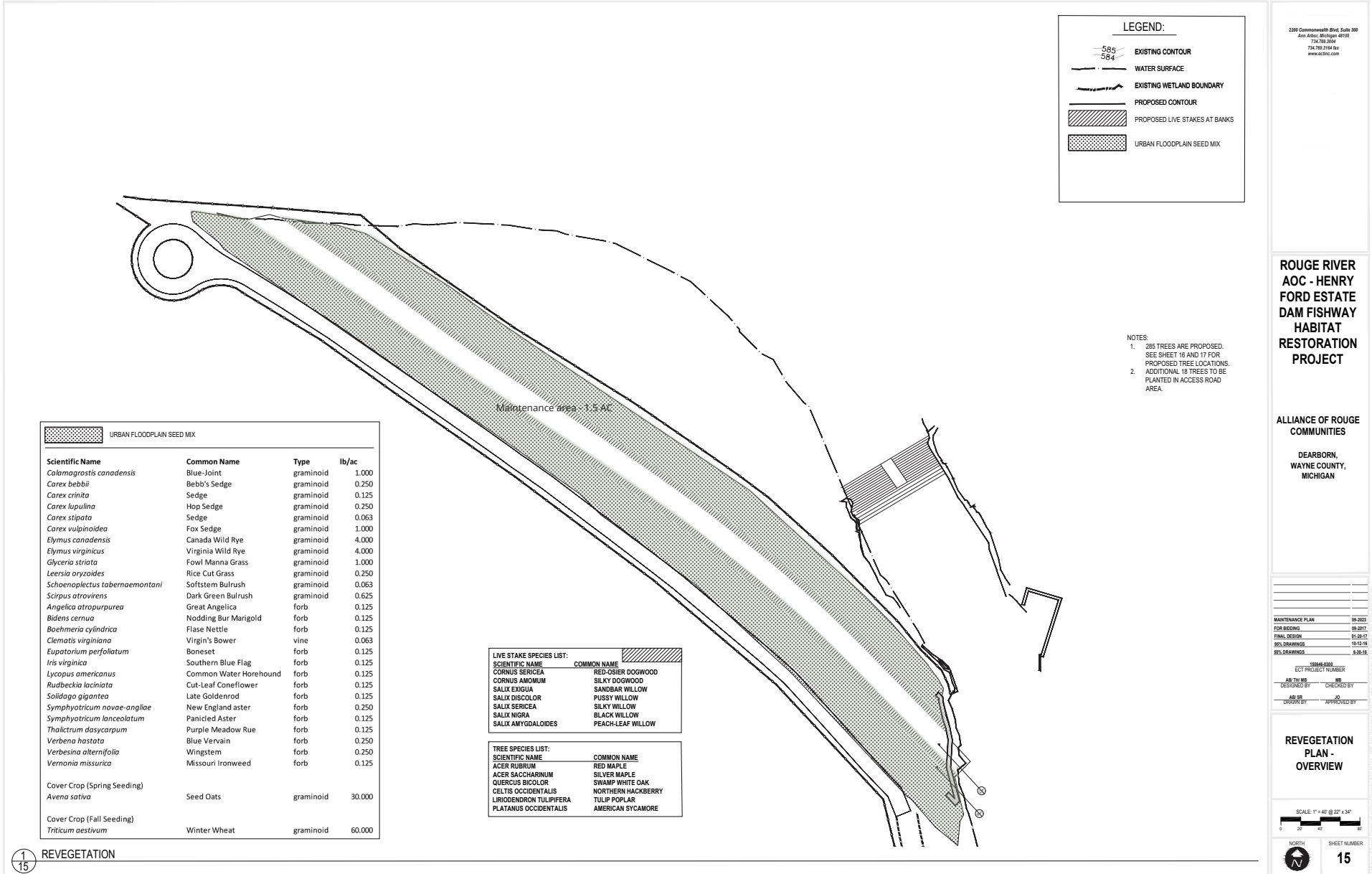
Management Tools		Winter		Spring			Summer			Fall			Winter	Notes
Month		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
General management							June, July/August, and September are ideal times.							Most newly establishing sites need three or more site visits during the first 1-10 years of establishment, and then typically 2-3 after that.
Turf	Turf grass encroachment			Foliar Spray(Rodeo)										
Invasives & Weeds	Reed canary grass control						Foliar Spray(Rodeo)							
	Phragmites control								Foliar Spray (Rodeo)					
	Cattail control						Foliar Spray(Rodeo)							
	Garlic mustard and dame's rocket				Hand pull									Easiest to pull when the plants bolt. Remove pulled material from site
	Crown vetch, bird's foot-trefoil						Foliar Spray(Milestone)							
	Canada thistle, spotted knapweed, other pernicious broad-leaved weeds						Foliar Spray(GLY)							Plants are most susceptible when forming buds and early flower stage
	Woody invasives	Foliar spray: stem<pencil size; Cut stump: stem>/= pencil size												Cut-stump: Use Garlon 3a at 54% active ingredient. Stump should be "painted" with herbicide within 5 minutes of cutting and anytime from 6/1 to 3/1.
	Mowing/ Cutting	Annuals control						High mowing (4")		High mowing (4")				
Sweet-clover control							Timed cutting @ base							
Biennial thistles							Timed cutting @ base							Each time plants develop buds and during early flowering stage
Early establishment--young natives/many annuals							High mowing (4")		High mowing (4")					

Management Tools		Winter		Spring			Summer			Fall		Winter	Notes	
Month		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Reseeding/ Replanting	Bare soil				Re-seeding (for sea- sonally saturated soil)						Re-seeding (for unsatu- rated soil)			Typical rate is 8 lbs per acre. 1/2 this rate when overseeding zones with some native vegetation.
	Erosion		Erosion control blanket + Re-seed										Replace lost soil with clean fill, sow cover crop of annual oats, lay ECB on sloped areas	
Herbivore damage	Deer damage; Tree/ shrub dieback	<i>Non-oak spp.</i>	1. Prune 2. Replace/install caging/tree tubes as needed											
	Deer damage; Tree/ shrub dieback	<i>Oak spp</i>										1. Prune only when dormant 2. Replace/install caging/tree tubes as needed		
	Goose/turkey browse				Fencing								Consider erecting stakes with lines at 1', 2', and 3' heights and mylar flagging tied on lines	

Herbicide applicator qualification

Regarding herbicide applications: The Michigan Department of Agriculture requires applicators who are applying herbicide as part of their work to be licensed applicators. All applicators must take the core exam and categories 4 (right-of-way) and 5 (aquatics) cover all aspects of natural area management.

Site Map (Total area: 1.7 ac)



**ROUGE RIVER
AOC - HENRY
FORD ESTATE
DAM FISHWAY
HABITAT
RESTORATION
PROJECT**

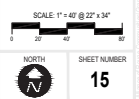
**ALLIANCE OF ROUGE
COMMUNITIES**

DEARBORN,
WAYNE COUNTY,
MICHIGAN

MAINTENANCE PLAN	08-2023
FOR REVIEW	08-2023
FINAL DESIGN	05-08-23
REV. DRAWINGS	10-13-24
REV. DRAWINGS	03-28-24

30886-000	ECT PROJECT NUMBER
AN-TM	MR
DESIGNED BY	CHECKED BY
AW-BR	JD
DRAWN BY	APPROVED BY

**REVEGETATION
PLAN -
OVERVIEW**

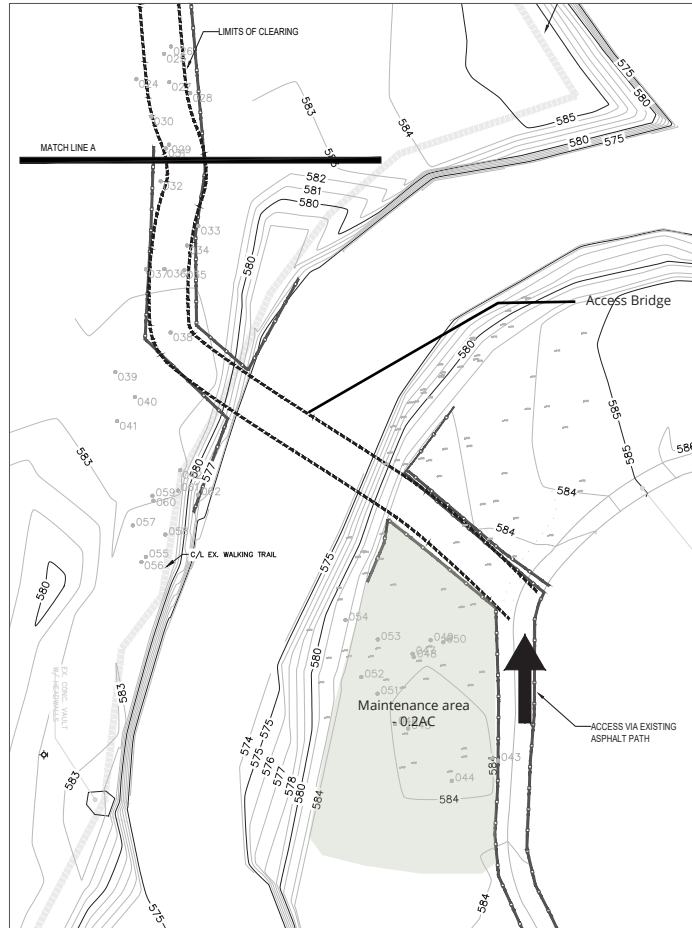


Site Map - continued

LEGEND:

- EXISTING TREE
- EXISTING CONTOUR
- EXISTING WALKING TRAIL
- SILT FENCE
- CONSTRUCTION FENCE

- NOTES:**
1. CLEAR VEGETATION FOR ACCESS ROAD.
 2. TREES TO BE REMOVED >6" DBH LISTED ON SHEET 6.
 3. FOR TEMPORARY ACCESS DETAILS, SEE SHEET 8.
 4. SEE TREE REMOVAL NOTES, SHEET 6.



1
7 TREE REMOVAL- ACCESS

**3 WORKING DAYS
BEFORE YOU DIG**
CALL MISS DIG
1-800-482-7171

2200 Commonwealth Blvd, Suite 300
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48105
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734.768.3164 fax
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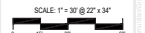
**ALLIANCE OF ROUGE
COMMUNITIES**

DEARBORN,
WAYNE COUNTY,
MICHIGAN

Revisions plan	08-2022
FOR BIDDING	08-2021
FINAL DESIGN	01-2017
FIELD DRAWINGS	10-12-16
REV. DESCRIPTION	4-28-14

100466-000 ECT PROJECT NUMBER	
AB-08	MS
DESIGNED BY	CHECKED BY
AB-08	JD
DRAWN BY	APPROVED BY

**TREE REMOVAL-
ACCESS**



SHEET NUMBER
7